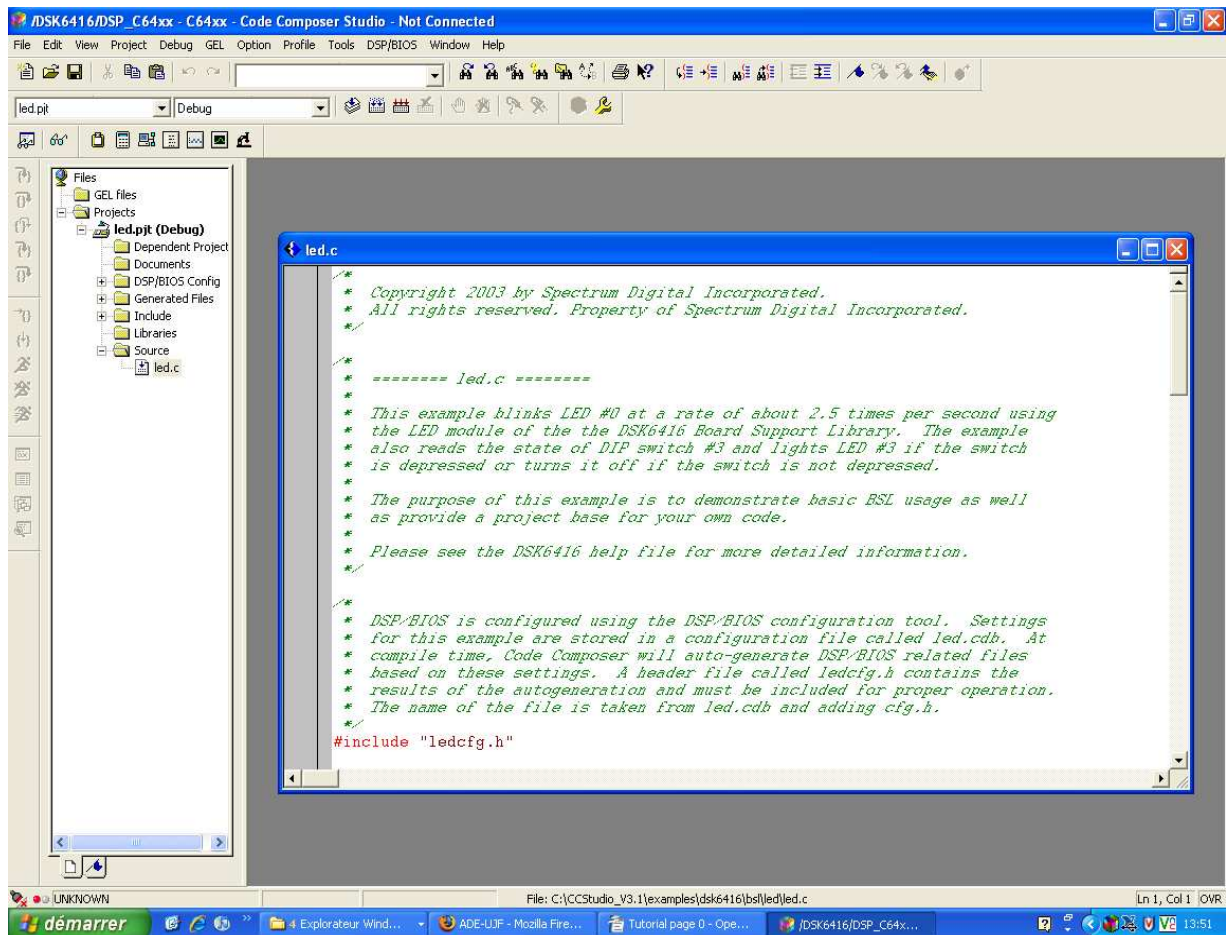


Texas Instruments

Noyau Temps Réel

DSP BIOS TUTORIAL

Kit DSP DSK 6416



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C:\CCStudio_v3.1\tutorial\dsk6416\volume1\volume.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "volume.h"
/* Global declarations */
int inp_buffer[BUFSIZE]; /* processing data buffers */
int out_buffer[BUFSIZE];
int gain = MINGAIN; /* volume control variable */
unsigned int processingLoad = BASELOAD; /* processing load */
struct PARMS str =
{
    2934, 9432, 213, 9432,
    &str
};
/* Functions */
extern void load(unsigned int loadValue);
static int processing(int *input, int *output);
static void dataIO(void);
/* ===== main ===== */
void main()
{
    int *input = &inp_buffer[0];
    int *output = &out_buffer[0];
    puts("volume example started\n");
    /* loop forever */
    while(TRUE)
    {
        /* Read using a Probe Point connected to a host file. */
        /* Write output to a graph connected through a probe-point. */
        dataIO();
        #ifdef FILEIO
        puts("begin processing");
        #endif
        /* apply gain */
        processing(input, output);
    }
}
/* ===== processing ===== */
/* FUNCTION: apply signal processing transform to input signal.
* PARAMETERS: address of input and output buffers.
* RETURN VALUE: TRUE. */
static int processing(int *input, int *output)
{
    int size = BUFSIZE;
    while(size--){
        *output++ = *input++ * gain;
    }
    /* additional processing load */
    load(processingLoad);
    return(TRUE);
}
/* ===== dataIO ===== */
/* FUNCTION: read input signal and write output signal.
* PARAMETERS: none.
* RETURN VALUE: none. */
static void dataIO()
{
    /* do data I/O */
    return;
}
```

Leçon 2: Librairie page 25/548

- **testapp.c**

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int test_data[] = { 7, 13, 3, 25, 64, 15 };
    int max_value = maximumValue(test_data, 6);
    int min_value = minimumValue(test_data, 6);
    // call library functions
    printf( "The maximum value in the data is %d\n", max_value );
    printf( "The minimum value in the data is %d\n", min_value );
    return 0;
}
```

- **minimumvalue.c**

```
int minimumValue( int [],int);
// Requires: array_size equals the number of elements in the array, array_size > 0
// Returns: The minimum value contained in the integer array
int minimumValue( int values[], int array_size)
{
    int minimum_value;
    int i = 0;
    minimum_value = values[0];
    for (i = 0; i < array_size; i++)
    {
        if (values[i] < minimum_value)
            minimum_value = values[i];
    }
    return minimum_value;
}
```

- **maximumvalue.c**

```
int maximumValue( int [], int);
// Requires: array_size equals the number of elements in the array, array_size > 0
// Returns: The maximum value contained in the integer array
int maximumValue( int values[], int array_size)
{
    int maximum_value;
    int i = 0;
    maximum_value = values[0];
    for (i = 0; i < array_size; i++)
    {
        if (values[i] > maximum_value)
            maximum_value = values[i];
    }
    return maximum_value;
}
```

Leçon 3: Les fonctions GEL page 106/548

- **C:\CCStudio_v3.1\tutorial\sim64xx\gelsolid**

```

menuitem "GEL Welcome Tool";
hotmenu Using_Local_Variables()
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 10; i++)
        GEL_TextOut("GEL is a solid tool.\n");
}

```

- **C:\CCStudio_v3.1\tutorial\sim64xx\gelsolid\welcome.c**

```

// *****
// Sample DSP application used to showcase GEL
// automation
// *****

#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    printf("Welcome to the World of DSP");
}

```

- **C:\CCStudio_v3.1\tutorial\sim64xx\gelsolid\mulidspwelcome.c**

```

// *****
// Sample DSP application used to showcase GEL
// components controlling DSP code
// *****

#include <stdio.h>
#define TRUE 1
volatile int counterValue = 0;
void main()
{
    while (TRUE) {
        printf("Welcome to the World of DSP. %d\n", counterValue );
    }
}

```

- **C:\CCStudio_v3.1\tutorial\sim64xx\gelsolid\projectmanagement.gel**

```

// A GEL Function showcasing GELs ability
// to automate common tasks
menuitem "Project Management Tool";
hotmenu Run_Project()
{
    // Call standard GEL library function to load project
    GEL_ProjectLoad("C:\\source\\hellodsp.pjt");
    // Call standard GEL library function to build project
    GEL_ProjectBuild();
    // Call standard GEL library function to load the DSP program
    GEL_Load("C:\\Source\\Debug\\hellodsp.out");
    // Call standard GEL library function to run the project
    GEL_Run();
    // Indicate that the GEL script is finished
    GEL_TextOut("Finished Executing GEL Script!");
}

```

Leçon 4: DSP BIOS Log_printf page 316/548

- C:\CCStudio_V3.1\tutorial\dsk6416\hello1

```

/*
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 * granted through contract.
 *
 */
/* "@(#) DSP/BIOS 4.90.270 01-05-04 (bios,dsk6416-f06)" */
/*****/
/* */
/* H E L L O . C */
/* */
/* Basic C standard I/O from main. */
/* */
/* */
/*****/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "hello.h"

#define BUFSIZE 30

struct PARMS str =
{
    2934,
    9432,
    213,
    9432,
    &str
};

/*
 * ===== main =====
 */
void main()
{
#ifdef FILEIO
    int    i;
    char   scanStr[BUFSIZE];
    char   fileStr[BUFSIZE];
    size_t readSize;
    FILE   *fptr;
#endif

    /* write a string to stdout */
    puts("hello world!\n");

#ifdef FILEIO
    /* clear char arrays */
    for (i = 0; i < BUFSIZE; i++) {
        scanStr[i] = 0    /* deliberate syntax error */
        fileStr[i] = 0;
    }
    /* read a string from stdin */

```

Tutorial CCS version 3.1

```
scanf("%s", scanStr);

/* open a file on the host and write char array */
fptr = fopen("file.txt", "w");
fprintf(fptr, "%s", scanStr);
fclose(fptr);

/* open a file on the host and read char array */
fptr = fopen("file.txt", "r");
fseek(fptr, 0L, SEEK_SET);
readSize = fread(fileStr, sizeof(char), BUFSIZE, fptr);
printf("Read a %d byte char array: %s \n", readSize, fileStr);
fclose(fptr);
#endif
}
    • C:\CCStudio_V3.1\tutorial\dsk6416\hello2

/*
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 *
 */
/* "@(#) DSP/BIOS 4.90.270 01-05-04 (bios,dsk6416-f06)" */
/*****
 */
/*   H E L L O . C                               */
/*                                           */
/*   Basic LOG event operation from main.     */
/*                                           */
*****/

#include <std.h>

#include <log.h>

#include "hellocfg.h"

/*
 * ===== main =====
 */
Void main()
{
    LOG_printf(&trace, "hello world!");

    /* fall into DSP/BIOS idle loop */
    return;
}
```

Leçon 5: DSP BIOS Volume 2 page 332/548

- C:\CCStudio_V3.1\tutorial\dsk6416\volume2

```

/*
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 *
 */
/* "@(#) DSP/BIOS 4.90.270 01-05-04 (bios,dsk6416-f06)" */
/*****
 */
/* VOLUME.C */
/*
 */
/* Audio gain processing using CLK ISR as data source, and a software
 */
/* interrupt for processing routine. */
/*
 */
/*****

#include <std.h>

#include <log.h>
#include <swi.h>

#include "volumecfg.h"

#include "volume.h"

/* Global declarations */
Int inp_buffer[BUFSIZE]; /* processing data buffers */
Int out_buffer[BUFSIZE];

Int gain = MINGAIN; /* volume control variable */
Uns processingLoad = BASELOAD; /* processing routine load value */

/* Functions */
extern Void load(Uns loadValue);

Int processing(Int *input, Int *output);
Void dataIO(Void);

/*
 * ===== main =====
 */
Void main()
{
    LOG_printf(&trace,"volume example started\n");

    /* fall into DSP/BIOS idle loop */
    return;
}

/*

```

Tutorial CCS version 3.1

```
* ===== processing =====
*
* FUNCTION: Called from processing_SWI to apply signal processing
*           transform to input signal.
*
* PARAMETERS: address of input and output buffers.
*
* RETURN VALUE: TRUE.
*/
Int processing(Int *input, Int *output)
{
    Int size = BUFSIZE;

    while(size--){
        *output++ = *input++ * gain;
    }

    /* additional processing load */
    load(processingLoad);

    return(TRUE);
}

/*
* ===== dataIO =====
*
* FUNCTION: Called from timer ISR to fake a periodic hardware interrupt that
*           reads in the input signal and outputs the processed signal.
*
* PARAMETERS: none.
*
* RETURN VALUE: none.
*/
Void dataIO()
{
    /* do data I/O */

    SWI_dec(&processing_SWI); /* post processing_SWI software interrupt */
}
```


Leçon 6: DSP BIOS Volume 3 page 344/548

- C:\CCStudio_V3.1\tutorial\dsk6416\volume3

```

/*
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 * granted through contract.
 *
 */
/* "@(#) DSP/BIOS 4.90.270 01-05-04 (bios,dsk6416-f06)" */
/*****
 */
/*      V O L U M E . C
 */
/*      Audio gain processing using CLK ISR as data source, and a software
/*      interrupt for processing routine.
 */
/*****

#include <std.h>

#include <log.h>
#include <swi.h>
#include <clk.h>
#include <sts.h>
#include <trc.h>

#include "volume.h"

#include "volumecfg.h"

/* Global declarations */
Int inp_buffer[BUFSIZE];    /* processing data buffers */
Int out_buffer[BUFSIZE];

Int gain = MINGAIN;        /* volume control variable */
Uns processingLoad = BASELOAD; /* processing routine load value */

/* Functions */
extern Void load(Uns loadValue);

Int processing(Int *input, Int *output);
Void dataIO(Void);

/*
 * ===== main =====
 */
Void main()
{
    LOG_printf(&trace,"volume example started\n");

    /* fall into DSP/BIOS idle loop */
    return;
}

```

Tutorial CCS version 3.1

```
/*
 * ===== processing =====
 *
 * FUNCTION: Called from processing_SWI to apply signal processing
 *          transform to input signal.
 *
 * PARAMETERS: address of input and output buffers.
 *
 * RETURN VALUE: TRUE.
 */
Int processing(Int *input, Int *output)
{
    Int size = BUFSIZE;

    while(size--){
        *output++ = *input++ * gain;
    }

    /* enable performance instrumentation only if TRC_USER0 is set */
    if (TRC_query(TRC_USER0) == 0) {
        STS_set(&processingLoad_STS, CLK_gethetime());
    }
    /* additional processing load */
    load(processingLoad);
    if (TRC_query(TRC_USER0) == 0) {
        STS_delta(&processingLoad_STS, CLK_gethetime());
    }

    return(TRUE);
}

/*
 * ===== dataIO =====
 *
 * FUNCTION: Called from timer ISR to fake a periodic hardware interrupt that
 *          reads in the input signal and outputs the processed signal.
 *
 * PARAMETERS: none.
 *
 * RETURN VALUE: none.
 */
Void dataIO()
{
    /* do data I/O */

    SWI_dec(&processing_SWI); /* post processing_SWI software interrupt */
}
```